

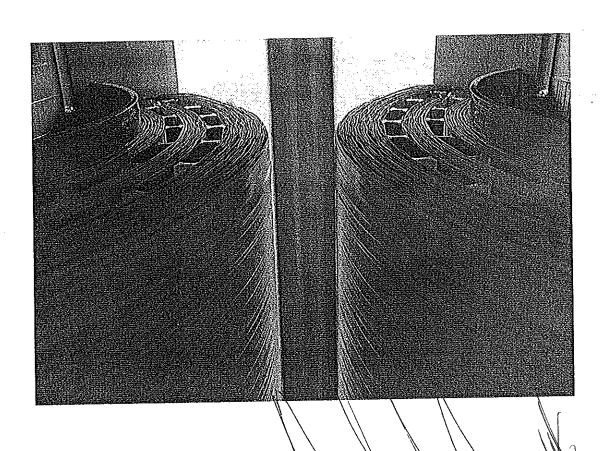
# Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG D-52080 Aachen, Germany



# Installation and Service Manual for Medium Voltage Filter Reactors

Single and Three-Phase, Iron Core, PolyGap® Construction

Release date: 06.05.2011





# About this Document

This document explains product features and applications as well as conditions and limits for operation and provides guidelines for installation, handling and operation of filter reactors produced by Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG.

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Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG. Hergelsbendenstraße 18 D-52080 Aachen, Germany Phone +49-241-166 07-0 Fax: +49-241-166 07-21 http://www.mangoldt.com

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# 1 Important Directions for Use

### 1.1 Appropriate Use

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG products represent state-of-the-art developments in technology and manufacturing. They are 100% tested prior to shipment to ensure operational safety and reliability. The products may only be used in the manner that is defined as appropriate. If they are used in an inappropriate manner, then situations can develop that may lead to property damage or injury to personnel.

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG, as manufacturer, is not liable for any damages resulting from inappropriate use. In such cases, the guarantee and the right to payment of damages resulting from inappropriate use are forfeited. The user alone carries all responsibility of the risks.

Before using Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG products, make sure that all the prerequisites for appropriate use of the products are satisfied:

- Personnel that in any way, shape or form use our products must first read and understand the relevant safety instructions and be familiar with appropriate use.
- The products must remain in their original state. In other words, no structural changes are permitted.
- Do not mount damaged or faulty products or use them in operation.
- Make sure that the products have been installed in the manner described in the relevant documentation.

The products may only be operated under the assembly, installation and ambient conditions as described here (temperature, IP-Class, humidity, etc.) and in the position specified.

# 1.2 Inappropriate Use

Inappropriate use is defined as using the products outside of the above referenced areas of application or under operating conditions other than described in the document and the technical data specified.

The products may not be used if they are subject to operating conditions that do not meet the specified ambient conditions. This includes, for example, operation under water, extreme temperature fluctuations or extremely high maximum temperatures.

# 2 Safety Instructions

#### 2.1 General Information

# 2.1.1 Using the Safety Instructions and Passing them on to Others

Do not attempt to install or commission this device without first reading all documentation provided with the product. Read and understand these safety instructions and all documentation prior to working with the device. If you do not have the documentation for the device, contact Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG. Ask for these documents to be sent immediately to the person or persons responsible for the safe operation of the device.

If the device is resold, rented and/or passed on to others in any other form, then these safety instructions must be delivered with the device.



WARNING

Improper use of these devices, failure to follow the safety instructions in this document or tampering with the product may result in material damage, bodily harm, electric shock or even death!

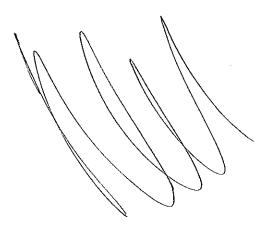




### 2.1.2 Instructions for Use

Read these instructions before the initial startup of the equipment in order to eliminate the risk of bodily harm or material damage. Follow these safety instructions at all times.

- Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG is not liable for damages resulting from failure to observe the warnings provided in this documentation.
- Read the operating, maintenance and safety instructions in a language you fully understand before starting up the machine. If you find that you cannot completely understand the documentation for your product, please ask your supplier to clarify.
- Proper and correct transport, storage, assembly and installation as well as care in operation and maintenance are prerequisites for optimal and safe operation of this device.
- Only assign trained and qualified persons to work with electrical installations. Only those people trained and knowledgeable about the operation of the device may work on this device or within its proximity. The persons are qualified if they have sufficient knowledge of the assembly, installation and operation of the equipment as well as an understanding of all warnings and precautionary measures noted in these instructions. Furthermore, they must be trained, instructed and qualified to switch electrical circuits and devices on and off in accordance with technical safety regulations, to ground them and to mark them according to the requirements of safe work practices. They must have adequate electrical safety training and be trained in first aid.
- Follow all safety regulations and requirements for the specific application as practiced in the country of use.
- The devices referred to in this document have been designed for medium voltage power installations.
- The ambient conditions specified in the product documentation must be observed.
- The information provided in the documentation of the product with regard to the use of the delivered components contains only examples of applications and suggestions.
- The installer must make sure
  - that the delivered components are suited for his individual application and verify the information given in this documentation with regard to the use of the components,
  - that his application complies with the applicable safety regulations and standards and carry out the required measures, modifications and complements.
- Startup of the delivered components is only permitted once it is certain that the installation in which they are installed complies with the national regulations, safety specifications and standards of the application.
- The installer is responsible for compliance with the limiting values as prescribed in the national regulations.
- Technical data, connections and operational conditions are specified in the product documentation or quotation and must be followed at all times.



### 2.2 Explanation of Warning Symbols and Degrees of Hazard Seriousness

The safety instructions describe the following degrees of hazard seriousness. The degree of hazard seriousness informs about the consequences resulting from non-compliance with the safety instructions:

with signal word

Warning symbol Degree of hazard seriousness according to ANSI Z 535



Death or severe bodily harm will occur.

**DANGER** 



Death or severe bodily harm may occur.

**WARNING** 



Bodily harm or material damage may occur.

**CAUTION** 

Table 1: Hazard classification (according to ANSI Z 535)

# 2.3 Hazards by Improper Use



High electric voltage and high working current! Risk of death or severe bodily injury by electric shock!

**DANGER** 



Dangerous movements! Danger to life, severe bodily harm or material damage by unintentional product movements!

**DANGER** 



WARNING

High electric voltage because of incorrect connection! High electric voltage because of incorrect electrical spacing! Risk of death or bodily injury by electric shock!



Health hazard for persons with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids in proximity to electrical equipment!

WARNING



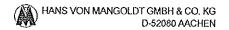
Hot surfaces on device components or housing! Danger of injury! Danger of burns!

CAUTION



Risk of injury by improper handling! Risk of bodily injury by bruising, shearing, cutting or hitting!

CAUTION



# 2.4 Instructions with Regard to Specific Dangers

### 2.4.1 Protection Against Contact with Electrical Parts

Contact with parts conducting voltages above 50 Volts can cause personal danger and electric shock. When operating electrical equipment, it is unavoidable that some parts of the devices conduct dangerous voltage.



#### **DANGER**

# High electrical voltage! Danger to life, electric shock and severe bodily injury!

- Only those personnel trained and qualified to work with or on electrical equipment are permitted to operate, maintain and repair this equipment.
- Follow general construction and safety regulations when working on electrical power installations.
- Before switching on the device, the equipment grounding conductor must be permanently connected to all electrical equipment in accordance with the connection diagram.
- Do not operate electrical equipment at any time, even for brief measurements or tests, if the equipment grounding conductor is not permanently connected to the mounting points of the components provided for this purpose.
- Before working with electrical equipment, the device must be disconnected from the main voltage or power supply unit. Provide a safeguard to prevent reconnection.
- With electrical installations observe the following:
  - Wait after switching off power to allow capacitors to discharge before beginning to work. Measure the voltage on the capacitors before beginning to work to make sure that the equipment is safe to touch.
  - Never touch the electrical connection points of a component while power is turned on.
  - Install covers and guards properly before switching the device on. Before switching the equipment on, cover and safeguard live parts safely to prevent contact with those parts.
  - Secure built-in devices to protect from direct contact with electrical parts for example by providing an external housing.
  - Follow all applicable standards international and local as well as local engineering regulations in the country of installation.
- The operator must observe all the above regulations at any and all times.



#### 2.4.2 Protection Against Dangerous Movements

Dangerous movements can be caused by faulty connection of components of the installation. Some common examples are:

- improper or wrong wiring of cable connections
- · incorrect operation of the installation components
- · defective components
- · errors in power grid

Dangerous movements can occur immediately after equipment is switched on or even after an unspecified time of trouble-free operation.



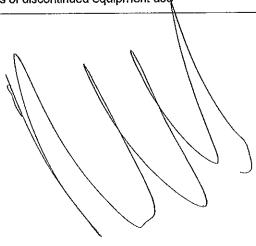
### DANGER

# Dangerous movements! Danger to life, risk of injury, severe bodily harm or material damage!

For the above reasons, ensure personal safety by means of qualified and tested higher-level monitoring devices or by integrating safety precautions into the equipment or its installation. These must be provided for by the user according to the specific conditions within the installation and a hazard and fault analysis. The safety regulations applicable for the installation have to be taken into consideration.

# To avoid accidents, bodily harm and/or material damage:

- Keep free and clear of the product's range of motion. Possible measures to prevent people from accidentally entering the component's range of motion: safety fences, safety guards, protective coverings or barriers.
- Fences and coverings must be strong enough to resist maximum possible momentum.
- Mount the emergency stop switch in the immediate reach of the operator. Verify that the emergency stop works before startup. Don't operate the device if the emergency stop is not working.
- Make sure that the installation is switched off before accessing or entering the danger zone.
- Disconnect electrical power to the equipment using a master switch and secure the switch against reconnection for: maintenance and repair work, cleaning of equipment or long periods of discontinued equipment use





#### 2.4.3 Protection Against Magnetic and Electromagnetic Fields During Operation and Mounting

Magnetic and electromagnetic fields generated by current-carrying conductors represent a serious personal danger to those with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids.



WARNING

# Health hazard for persons with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids in proximity to electrical equipment!

- Persons with heart pacemakers and metal implants are not permitted to enter following areas: areas in which electrical equipment and parts are mounted, being operated or commissioned.
- If it is necessary for somebody with a pacemaker to enter such an area, a doctor must be consulted prior to doing so. The interference immunity of present or future implanted heart pacemakers differs greatly, so that no general rules can be provided.
- Those with metal implants or metal pieces, as well as with hearing aids must consult a doctor before they enter the areas described above. Otherwise health hazards may occur.

### 2.4.4 Protection Against Contact with Hot Parts



CAUTION

# Hot surfaces at products or housings! Danger of injury! Danger of burns!

- Do not touch surfaces of product components or housings!
   Danger of burns!
- During and after normal operation, temperatures can be higher than 100°C, 212 °F.
- Before accessing the products after having switched them off, let them cool down for a sufficiently long time. Cooling down can require up to 24 hours!
- Wear safety gloves or do not work near hot surfaces.
- For certain applications, the manufacturer of the end product, machine or installation, according to the respective safety regulations, must take measures to avoid injuries caused by burns in the end application. These measures can be, for example: warnings, guards (shielding or barrier), technical documentation.





# 3 Handling and Transportation

## 3.1 Supplied Condition

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG products represent state-of-the-art developments in technology and manufacturing. They are 100% tested according to the applicable standards prior to shipment to ensure operating safety and reliability (see also section 7)

The products are delivered in wooden crates or on pallets. Units shipped on pallets are secured to the wood pallet by retaining straps or screws.



# Injuries due to uncontrolled movement of the retaining straps when cutting!

CAUTION

 Maintain a sufficient distance and carefully cut the retaining straps.

The products are screwed onto the crates or the pallets in preparation for shipment (see also section 3.3.2).

The products that are mounted on rubber mountings are tightened by a sliding bolt as a transportation lock. The sliding bolts must be removed prior to commissioning (see also section 4.4.2).

The products that are delivered together with standoff insulators must be mounted onto the insulators prior to commissioning. The designed electrical strength of the products exists only when mounted onto the standoff insulators (see also section 4.4.3).

### 3.1.1 Electrical Insulation

The products are manufactured such that the associated manufacturing process saves energy and raw material to an optimum extent while simultaneously permitting an ideal electrical insulation of all electrically active components. Thus the large life expectancy of the products is ensured.

The products of Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG are completely impregnated in one manufacturing-process step. By this process step an optimal electrical insulation is guaranteed. Additionally, good acoustic damping is ensured.

The impregnation process is performed using vacuum-impregnation equipment. In this equipment the impregnation resin is applied evenly onto all components of the product by means of a specific negative pressure. This vacuum is generated prior to impressing the specific amount of resin for each product into the equipment.

When the products leave the vacuum-impregnation equipment the impregnation resin has low viscosity. The hardening process of the resin is performed in a furnace at a specific temperature defined by the resin type. By means of a defined routing of the air flow in the furnace an even distribution of the resin on the upper part of the products can be reached. Simultaneously at the lower part of the products gravitation forms resin beads (Figure 1). These beads can not be prevented because the lowest viscosity of the impregnation resin occurs during the hardening process within the furnace.



Destruction of product components by insulation breakdown!
Invalidation of warranty!

- Do not remove impregnation resin beads!
- Insulation breakdown can lead to a destruction of the product!

CAUTION

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## 3.3 Transportation and Storage

#### 3.3.1 General Information



# CAUTION

# Damages or injuries and invalidation of the warranty due to improper handling!

- Protect the products from moisture and corrosion.
- Avoid mechanical stressing, throwing, tipping or dropping of the products.
- Only use lifting equipment suitable for the weight of the product.
- Use suitable protective equipment and wear protective clothing during transport.

#### Notes:

• Permitted transportation temperature range: -20°C to +80°C.

• Permitted storage temperature range: 0°C to +45°C.

Large or periodic variations of temperature are forbidden.

Also observe the notes regarding storage and transport on the packages.

#### 3.3.2 Notes for Transportation

To protect the product from dirt, dust etc., Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG recommends further transport the product in the original packaging in which it has been delivered

- · to the intended installation site and
- to keep it in that way until the actual time of installation.

The products are secured to the crates or pallets in the supplied condition (Figure 4). The transportation screws must be removed prior to lifting the products.

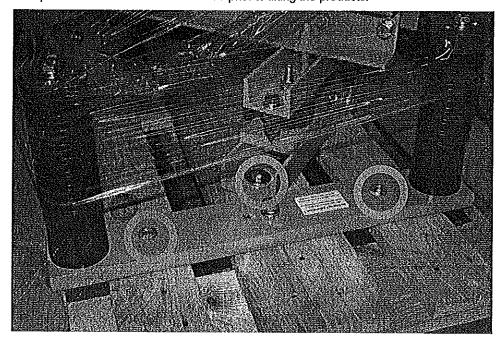


Figure 4: Examples for transportation screws in delivery condition (marked by the circles)

Secure the products against sliding and tipping before removing the transportation screws.



#### 4 Installation

#### 4.1 Safety



WARNING

Risk of injuries due to live parts! Risk of injuries due to hot surfaces! Risk of injuries due to lifting of heavy loads!

- Install the products only when they are de-energized and not connected electrically.
- Use suitable lifting equipment and protective equipment and wear protective clothing during transportation.
- Please note the safety information from the preceding chapters, and in particular the notes on transport of products in section 3.3!

Carry out all work with extreme caution to minimize the risk of accidents and damage.

#### 4.2 Mechanical Mounting

To attach the products correctly and safely to the installation, Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG recommends the following bolts and washers for product mounting:

- V2a hexagon head screw M12 x ..., DIN 933
- Washer M12-DIN125-A-140HV in material V2a

The material V2a for both screws and washers reduces the danger of overheating of these parts due to induced voltages caused by the stray fields of the products (see also section 8.3).

**Note:** If other screws and washers than those listed in this recommendation are used, the property class of the screws and the hardness class of the washers must be equivalent to allow for application of the required tightening torque. The values of the tightening torque are listed in the applicable standards.

# 4.3 Assembly Preparation

Prepare product for assembly as follows:

- Check all components for visible damage. Defective components may not be mounted or used.
- Ensure that dimensions and tolerances for the area or equipment in which the reactor is to be installed are suitable for product attachment.
- Ensure that mounting can be done in a clean, dry and dust-free environment.
- Have all necessary tools and auxiliary material, as well as measuring and testing equipment, readily available.
- Check whether all components, assembly surfaces and threads are clean.
- Remove the transportation screws.
- Log all measurements taken into the commissioning log.

#### 4.4 Assembly

Review the following subsections depending on the design of the product.

After having mounted the product mechanically as prescribed below, proceed with the electrical connections.

#### 4.4.1 Assembly of Products without Rubber Mounting Pads

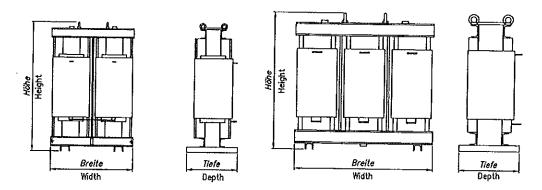


Figure 6: Example drawings for products without rubber mounting

- Fasten the reactor mounting feet securely to the enclosure mounting base.
- Check the fit and accuracy of the reactor installation before you proceed.
- Log all measurements taken in the commissioning log.

#### 4.4.2 Assembly of Products with Rubber Mounting Pads

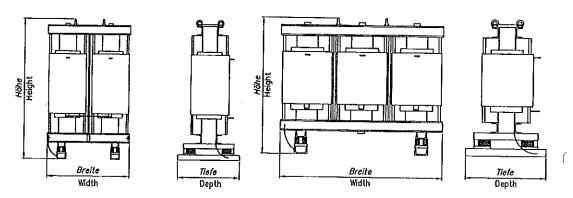


Figure 7: Example drawings for products with rubber mounting pads

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG designs some of the products with rubber mounting pads for antivibration and acoustic decoupling of the product from the installation.

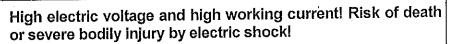
Each rubber mounting pad is equipped with a transportation safety device (Figure 8). This device must be removed after mounting the products in the installation. Remove the safety bolt from its transportation position and secure it together with its protection sleeve for eventual further transportation of the product.

- · Fasten the reactor mounting feet securely to the enclosure mounting base.
- · Check the fit and accuracy of the installation before you proceed.
- Remove the safety bolts and the protection sleeves for the rubber mountings. Store both for use in eventual further transportation of the product.
- Log all measurements taken in the commissioning log.

#### Commissioning 4.6



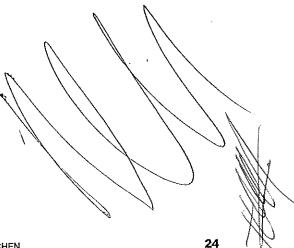
#### DANGER



- Only those personnel trained and qualified to work with or on electrical equipment are permitted to operate, maintain and repair this equipment.
- Follow general construction and safety regulations when working on electrical power installations.
- Before switching on the device, the equipment grounding conductor must be permanently connected to all electrical equipment in accordance with the connection diagram.
- Do not operate electrical equipment at any time, even for brief measurements or tests, if the equipment grounding conductor is not permanently connected to the mounting points of the components provided for this purpose.
- If the topology of the installation or power grid has changed, the electrical utilization of the products must be checked prior to reconnection
- Never touch the electrical connection points of a component while power is turned on.
- Install the covers and guards provided with the equipment properly before switching the device on. Before switching the equipment on, cover and safeguard live parts safely to prevent contact with those parts.
- Protect all products against direct contact with life parts.
- The operator must observe all the above regulations at all times.

After the electrical connection is completed and verified you may proceed to commission the products.

- Recheck the electrical load of the product during normal operation and verify it is within the limits stated on the guotation and product nameplate.
- If possible check the maximum load operation.
- Recheck the thermal load of the components of the installation.
- Log all measured data in the commissioning log.





## 4.7 Deactivation and Dismantling



#### WARNING

# Risk of injuries due to live parts! Risk of injuries due to hot surfaces! Risk of injuries due to lifting of heavy loads!

- Do not work on any product that has not been properly mounted or while products are operating.
- Do not take any measurements while the product is operating.
- Protect the product against unauthorized operation.
- Wait after switching off power to allow capacitors to discharge before beginning to work. Measure the voltage on the capacitors before beginning to work to make sure that the equipment is safe to touch.
- Do not work on hot surfaces.
- Before dismantling, secure the product and power supply against falling or movement before disconnecting the mechanical connections.
- Only use lifting equipment suitable for the weight of the product.
- Observe the instructions of the installation procedures.
- Switch off the installation or at least the part of the installation in which the product is located.
- Protect the product against unauthorized operation.
- Wait after switching off for electrical components of the installation to discharge. Then disconnect
  the electrical connections.
- Before dismantling the products let them cool adequately.
- Secure the product and the connections against falling and unintentional movement prior to disconnecting the mechanical fixations.
- · Store the product properly.
- Document all executed measures in the commissioning report and the installation maintenance plan.

#### 4.8 Waste Disposal

The products are manufactured such that the associated manufacturing process saves energy and raw material to an optimum extent while simultaneously permitting recycling and utilization of incidental waste.

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG regularly tries to use environmentally friendly raw materials and supplies. The products do not contain any dangerous substances which could be released with proper use. Under normal operating conditins, negative effects on the environment should not be expected.

We guarantee that our products include no substances according to chemical ban regulations. Furthermore, our products are free of mercury, asbestos, PCBs and chlorinated hydrocarbons.

Basically, the products contain steel, aluminum, copper, and insulation material.

The products can be recycled due to the high metal content. To reach optimum metal recovery, disassembly into individual components is necessary. These materials can be easily recycled.

High-quality products need optimal packaging. The packaging material consists of paper, wood and polystyrene. They can be easily recycled.

For ecological reasons, the return transport of product or packaging is not necessary.





#### 5 Maintenance

The products of Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG can operate within specified conditions, without wear for their normal service life. However, operation under unfavorable conditions can lead to limitations in their useable life.

- Increase product life expectancy with regular preventive maintenance measures. Follow the information in the maintenance schedule of the equipment manufacturer and the service measures described below.
- Log all maintenance measurements in the installation maintenance plan.

#### 5.1 Measures



# DANGER

# Risk of injuries due to live parts! Danger of injury due to hot surfaces!

- Do not work on products that are not securely mounted or while they are operating.
- Do not perform any maintenance measures when the installation is running.
- Switch off the installation or at least that part of the installation that can be accessed during maintenance work.
- Wait after switching off power to allow capacitors to discharge before beginning to work
- During maintenance work, protect the system against restarting and unauthorized use.
- Do not work on hot surfaces.

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG recommends the following maintenance measures, based on the maintenance plan of the installation manufacturer:

- Visual inspection:
  - According to the guidelines in the installation maintenance plan, but at least annually. Regularly check the visual appearance of the product. Especially take notice of discoloration because discoloring might be an indication of thermal overloading of the product.
- Check the mechanical and electrical connections:
   According to the guidelines in the installation maintenance plan, but at least annually.
- Remove dust, chips and other dirt from product components:
   Depending on the degree of soiling, but at least annually.
   Soiling that causes malfunctioning of the product must be removed immediately. Take precautions to prevent damage to the product insulation. For example, use pressurized air (see also 8.1.6).

#### 5.2 Troubleshooting

Possible causes for malfunctioning can be limited to the following areas:

- electrical or thermal overload
- electrical connection
- mechanical damage
- mechanical mounting

In the case of malfunctioning contact the installer.

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# **6 Connection Techniques**



#### **DANGER**

# High electric voltage and high working current! Risk of death or severe bodily injury by electric shock!

- Only personnel trained and qualified to work with or on electrical equipment are permitted to operate, maintain or repair this equipment.
- Follow general construction and safety regulations at all times when working on electrical power installations.
- Before switching on the device, the equipment grounding conductor must be permanently connected to all electrical equipment in accordance with the connection diagram.
- Do not operate electrical equipment at any time, even for brief measurements or tests, if the equipment grounding conductor is not permanently connected to the mounting points of the components provided for this purpose.
- Before working with electrical parts, the device must be disconnected from the main supply voltage. Provide a safeguard to prevent reconnection.
- If the configuration of the installation or power grid has changed, the electrical utilization of the products must be evaluated prior to reconnection.
- After switching off power wait to allow for capacitors to discharge before beginning to work. Measure the voltage on the capacitors before beginning to work to make sure that the equipment is safe to touch.
- Never touch the electrical connection points of a component while power is turned on.
- Before switching the equipment on, cover and safeguard live parts safely to prevent contact with those parts. Install covers and guards properly before switching the device on.
- For all products, all protective covers, insulators, or shields to prevent direct contact with live parts must be secured.
- The operator must observe all the above regulations at all times.

Before working on the system, always use a suitable measuring instrument (e.g. multimeter, circuit analyzer) to determine whether parts are still under a residual voltage (e.g. due to the residual energies of capacitors in filters, drive devices, etc.). Always allow the discharge times of capacitors elapse before working on the equipment.

The connection between the ground-reference lug and the grounding conductor must be made before any other connections.

Route and properly secure and support all cables prior to energization. Use proper methods to support the cables to minimize mechanical stress on the cables and connections. Be sure the cable supports can withstand the mass of the connection cables as well as the forces during short-circuit operation. The standoff insulators are not designed nor intended to withstand these forces.

The terminals of the products are made of copper bars according to DIN 46206. Note that all terminals are made of copper bars regardless of the winding material (copper or aluminum).





Note: The terminal diagrams of the product documentation are used to generate the system circuit diagrams. System circuit diagrams are the sole responsibility of the installer or system integrator and should be consulted for connecting the product and equipment to the electrical system.

# **Bolting at Electrical Connection**

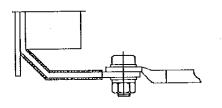
The electrical connection must be professionally secured using properly tightened bolts. Inappropriate electrical connection of the products can lead to a breakdown of the electrical strength and may result in the complete destruction of the products.

The minimum electrical spacing on the electrical connection must be maintained by bolting the connection cables or busbars as depicted in the drawings in Figure 13 to Figure 15. The cable lug or busbar is positioned on the top of the product terminal. At the beginning of the winding, the position of the bolt head is defined by the beginning of the winding being on top or on the bottom of the coil. If the beginning of the winding terminal is at the bottom of the coil the bolt head is on the top side of the terminal (Figure 13). If the beginning of the winding is at the top of the coil the bolt head is positioned underneath the terminal (Figure 14). At the end of the winding the bolt head is always positioned on the top side of the terminal. (Figure 15). The length of the bolt should be as short as possible. For the testing purposes, a maximum length of 50 mm is assumed.

At the beginning of the winding the copper terminal extends outside of the coil (Figure 13 and Figure 14). At the end of the winding the terminal is directly on the coil surface (Figure 15).

WICKELANFANG / BEGINNING OF WINDING

MCKELANFANG / BEGINNING OF WINDING



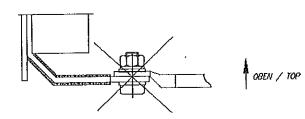
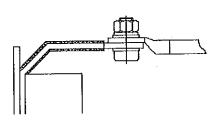
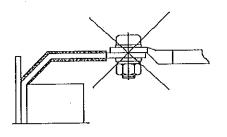


Figure 13: Drawing of bolted electrical connection; beginning of winding at the bottom of the coil

MICKELANFANG / BEGINNING OF WINDING

MICKELANFANG / BEGINNING OF WINDING





OBEN / TOP

Figure 14: Drawing of botted electrical connection; beginning of winding at the top of the coil

MICKELENDE / END OF WINDING

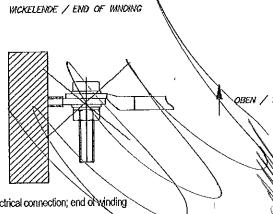


Figure 15: Drawing of bolted electrical connection; end of winding

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# 7 Testing

#### 7.1 Factory Testing

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG products represent state-of-the-art developments in technology and manufacturing. They are 100% tested according to the applicable standards prior to delivery to ensure operating safety and reliability.

All medium-voltage products manufactured by Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG must pass the following routine tests prior to shipment:

- Measurement of winding resistance according to IEC 60076-1
- Measurement of inductance according to DIN EN 60289 / VDE 0532 Part 289
- Induced voltage withstand test according to DIN EN 60289 / VDE 0532 Part 289
- Separate source voltage withstand test according to IEC 60076-3
- Measurement of quality factor according to DIN EN 60289 / VDE 0532 Part 289
- Power loss measurement according to DIN EN 60289 / VDE 0532 Part 289

When required, the following type tests, as well as others are available for a premium:

- Temperature-rise test according to DIN EN 60289 / VDE 0532 Part 289
- Lightning impulse voltage withstand test according to IEC 60076-3, IEC 60722

The test data is maintained by Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG via electronic-data processing. For each product identified by its serial or testing number the test data can stored and later be retrieved. Thus a test report is always available, even after the testing.

- If you require a test report with your delivery, please contact Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG during the design phase.
- If you require a type test, please contact Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG during the design phase.

Note: Occasionally, due to unusual reactor ratings, there may be tests that cannot be performed according to a specified or under full load conditions. Please review section 7.2.





#### 7.2 Deviation of Tests

Some of the tests described in section 7 cannot be carried out for all products in all circumstances. In this case the standards allow deviations which have to be agreed upon by the producers (here Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG ) and the customer. If a test cannot be carried out, Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG tries to substitute that test by an equivalent test.

The following deviations can occur with medium-voltage products of Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG during the testing:

• The induced voltage withstand test may not possible due to the high amount of power needed:

According to DIN EN 60289 / VDE 0532 Part 289 a lightning impulse voltage withstand test can be carried out instead of the induced voltage withstand test.

- The temperature-rise test may not be able to be carried out with the given current spectrum:

  The testing facility is capable of performing test with specific magnitudes of individual harmonic current up to the 13th harmonic and up to a total capacity of 960KVA. In some cases, it may not be possible to simulate all harmonic currents as defined in a customer specification. In this case the temperature-rise test can be carried out with reduced load or reduced harmonics. The end temperature of the product, according to the customer harmonic spectrum, is then extrapolated on the basis of the measurements with the reduced load or harmonics respectively (see IEC 60076-11). Note: This method leads to realistic results if the reduction of the applied load is small.
- The characteristic curve for the lightning impulse voltage withstand test cannot be generated:
   According to IEC 60076-3, IEC 60722 in the case of low inductance or high capacitance the
   characteristic time constraints provided in the standards cannot be generated during the lightning
   impulse voltage withstand test. In this case the test is carried out with the signal curves that can be
   generated.
- Lightning impulse voltage withstand test on products with taps:
   The test along the winding will only be done for the highest tap. Thus the entire winding is tested and the insulation stress is reduced due to the reduced number of tests.

#### 7.3 Testing by Customer

Since all products undergo a standardized testing procedure, high-voltage tests on the customer side are not required. Components could be damaged if they undergo several high-voltage tests. This might lead to premature aging and thus to a reduced life expectancy of the products.



Destruction of product components by improperly executed high-voltage test! Invalidation of warranty!

Avoid repeated testing!

CAUTION

Observe the regulations of IEC 60076 and IEC 60289!

## 8 Application Notes

#### 8.1 Operating Conditions

#### 8.1.1 Altitude

The performance data specified for the products applies for site elevation of 0 m to 1,000 m above sea level.

If you choose to use the products in areas with values beyond this range, the electrical strength of the product is reduced (see also DIN VDE 0101).

- Ensure that the product data are not exceeded by your application.
- If you require a different site elevation, this information must be defined during the design phase.

#### 8.1.2 Ambient Temperature

The performance data specified for the products applies for ambient temperatures ranging from 0 °C to a maximum temperature that defined by the product specification and as designated on the product nameplate. Typical maximum ambient temperatures are 40 °C, 45 °C, 50 °C or 55 °C. The maximum allowable ambient temperature for the product is stated in the quotation and on the product nameplate (see also section 3.2).

If you choose to use the products in areas with values beyond the specified range of the products, the performance data of the products are reduced.

- The product data depends greatly on the type of cooling (see also section 8.4).
- Ensure that the product data are not exceeded by your application.
- Ensure that no large or periodic variations of temperature exist. They reduce the life expectancy of the product due to of premature aging of the insulation material.
- Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG designs the products for the specified ambient temperature.
   Be certain to specify your ambient temperature during the design phase.

#### 8.1.3 Temperature Classes of the Insulation System

Hans von Mangoldt GmbH & Co. KG designs the products on the basis of a material temperature class according to IEC 60076-11. The permitted average temperature rise in the active parts of the products is given in Table 4.

Short symbol according to IEC60085	Temperature of the insulation system (°C)	Permitted average temperature rise of the winding at rated current (K)
Α	105	60
E	120	75
В	130	80
F	155	100
- <del>}-</del>	180	125

Table 4: Excerpt from IEC60076: Permitted temperature rise of the winding

The design of the product ensures that the temperature rise of the active parts of the products stays below the permitted thermal limits of the insulation materials. The thermal behavior of the products is guaranteed by temperature-rise type tests of equivalent products (see also section 7).